

Avoidable Deaths

Translating Sendai's Global Target One Into Action

Dr Nibedita S. Ray-Bennett

Associate Professor in Risk Management

Founding President of Avoidable Deaths Network (ADN)

University of Leicester

Email: <u>nsrb1@leicester.ac.uk</u>

Website: www.avoidable-deaths.net

Facebook: <u>AvoidableDeathsNetwork</u>

Twitter: AvoidableN

Presentation Prepared for the Global Platform for DRR, Ignite Stage, Geneva, 17 May 2019



Structure of My Presentation

- Introducing avoidable deaths and their connection to the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction.
- Introducing Avoidable Deaths Network (ADN).
- Requesting audience participation.



Disasters and Deaths

- Hazards: Potential to cause harm and human loss.
- Types of disaster deaths: direct (primary), indirect (secondary), missing person.
- Examples of human loss: Indian Ocean Tsunami (2004), The Triple Disaster in Japan (2011), Typhoon Haiyan (2013), and Cyclone Idai (2019).
- Disproportionate numbers of deaths between developed and developing countries.



Avoidable Deaths / Our Publications

- Deaths are no longer 'act of God'
- Avoidable deaths are preventable deaths (Galtung, 1969; Glantz, 2009; DLR, 2013).
- Some deaths are unavoidable.
- >10 deaths is considered unavoidable in many disaster scenarios.
- <10 however, is likely avoidable. However, this target can vary (Ray-Bennett, 2017, 2018; CRED, undated).

- Ray-Bennett N.S. and Shiroshita, H.
 2019. Hiroshima Landslide
 2014, Global Assessment Report 2019
- Ray-Bennett, N.S. 2017. Avoidable Deaths Springer. https://www.springer. com/gb/book/9783319669502
- Ray-Bennett, N.S. 2017. Disasters, Deaths and the Sendai Goal One: Lessons from Odisha, India. World Development. https://doi.org/10.1016/j .worlddev.2017.10.003
- Ray-Bennett, N.S. 2016. Learning from Deaths in Disasters: MAP Bulletin. http://www.mei.edu/content/m ap/learning-deaths-disasters-caseodishaindia



Avoidable Deaths

- Avoidable Deaths are 'stupid deaths' (Farmer, 2004) and when they continue to occur they become 'violence' (Galtung, 1969).
- Avoidable deaths are 'intolerable injustice'. Deaths in disasters are a case for violation of justice (Sen, 2009; Ray-Bennett, 2017a, 2018).



'Etegami for Disaster Victims'

© Picture Letter Group at Denbara and Gion West Community Centers, Hiroshima, Japan.



How could justice be apportioned for human lives in disasters?

- Acknowledging human deaths as a matter of justice.
- Introducing a 'goal' to reduce human deaths at any cost.
- Social realisation and promoting accountability amongst actors and responders.

(Sen, 2009; Ray-Bennett, 2017, 2018)



'Etegami for Disaster Victims'

© Picture Letter Group at Denbara and Gion West Community Centers, Hiroshima, Japan.



UN's Efforts to Address Avoidable Deaths

The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030

The Sendai Framework adopted seven Global Targets, of which the first two Targets are:

- a) "Substantially reduce global disaster mortality by 2030, aiming to lower average per 100,000 global mortality rate in the decade 2020-2030 compared to the period 2005-2015;
- b) Substantially reduce the number of affected people globally by 2030, aiming to lower the average global figure per 100,000 in the decade 2020-2030 compared to the period 2005-2015.".



UN World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction 2015 Sendai Japan



UN's Efforts to Address Avoidable Deaths

The Sustainable Development Goals 2015-2030

There are 17 Goals, of which the most relevant to the avoidable deaths are:

- Goal 1 (No Poverty);
- Goal 2 (Zero Hunger);
- Goal 3 (Good Health and Well Being);
- Goal 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation);
- Goal 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities);
- Goal 17 (Partnerships for the Goals).















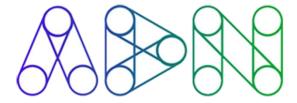
Realising Avoidable Deaths through Avoidable Deaths Network (ADN)

- Close connection between the Sendai's first goal and avoidable deaths: a new scientific field.
- Disaster death is a 'wicked problem'.
- Decentralised decision making due to multisectoral approach in disaster risk reduction and disaster risk management.
- Interdisciplinary, multidisciplinary and transdisciplinary approach and partnerships wherever possible, is required to avoid disaster deaths.



UN World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction 2015 Sendai Japan







The Avoidable Deaths Network (ADN)

A diverse, dynamic, inclusive and innovative global membership network of experts, practitioners and researchers interested in avoiding human deaths from natural hazards, naturally triggered technological hazards and human-made disasters in low- and middle-income countries.



The Launch of the ADN

 The ADN was officially launched at the 4th Summit of Global Alliance of Disaster Research Institutes (GADRI) at Kyoto University, Japan on 12 March 2019.









ADN

ADN's mission:

- To find theoretical and practical solutions to reducing avoidable deaths.

ADN's mottos:

- "No day shall erase you from the memory of time." Virgil
- "Ut Vitam Habeant" So that they may have life (University of Leicester)
- "Gaku no Jitsuge (学の実化)." Theory into practice (Kansai University)



What do we do?

- Host an open space to share, discuss and disseminate international, regional, national and local news, research and innovative solutions to avoidable deaths;
- Promote state and non-state collaboration through North-South,
 South-South and triangular cooperation in order to advance the agenda of avoidable deaths;
- Advocate the agenda of mainstreaming avoidable deaths at the heart of all disaster and development activities in low and middleincome countries;
- Publish a bi-annual newsletter; and
- Actively solicitate and secure private and public funds to promote the above activities.



How can I join ADN?

You can join the ADN via our website (<u>www.avoidable-deaths.net</u>) as an:

- Affiliate
- Organisational Partner
- Volunteer/Intern





Gathering multiple perspectives on avoidable deaths

- To advance knowledge on how to avoid disaster deaths, my presentation also includes seeking your participation.
- Ethics approval has been sought from the University of Leicester's Ethics Sub-Committee for School of Business for this data collection.
- Please complete the short questionnaire:
 https://ulsm.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_3aX5myM7RCKEsrH



Questions

- 1) Do you believe it is possible to achieve Global Target A of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction?
- 2) Do you believe it is possible to achieve Global Target B of the Sendai Framework?
- 3) In one sentence, what, in your view, is the most effective way to bring about a global reduction in avoidable deaths from disaster events?
- 4) In your view, which type of organizations should take the lead in a country's effort to reduce disaster deaths?
- 5) Are you aware of any good practices to reduce disaster deaths? List their titles or 4-5 word descriptions.